Used Car Lab - Chapter 2

In this lab, you will explore the relationship between the advertised resale price of a specific make and model of a car and the car's age. Choose a car make and model (such as Honda Civic). Refer to used-car advertisements in a newspaper, car magazine, or website (such as www.edmunds.com) to find the ages and prices of about 20 cars of your chosen type. You may use more than one car of a single age, but if you use more than one source of data, be careful that you are not using the *same car* twice.

Let p be the advertised price (in dollars) of your choice of car that is a years old. (Note that a is the age of the car, not the year that it was made.)

Analyzing the Data

- 1. Include a table of data. State the source(s) of the data.
- 2. Use a graphing calculator to draw a scattergram of your data. If no line comes close to the data points, choose another make and model of car and start over.
- 3. Find an equation of a linear model to describe the situation. Write your equation with the function name f, and round your constants m and b to two decimal places if you are using decimal notation (instead of fractions) for them.
- 4. Use a graphing calculator to draw a graph of your model and the scattergram in the same viewing window. Also, graph the model and scattergram by hand. How well does f fit the data?
- 5. Use your model to estimate what the advertised price (to the nearest dollar) should be for your choice of car if it is 10 years old.
- 6. Use your model to predict at what age (to the nearest year) your car will be worth half as much as the cheapest price listed in your table of data.
- 7. Find the slope of your model. What does it mean in this situation?
- 8. Find the a-intercept and the p-intercept of your model. What do these intercepts mean in this situation? Do you think that f models the car situation well near the intercepts? Explain.
- 9. For what values of a is there model breakdown for certain? Explain.
- 10. Sketch a qualitative graph of the relationship between your car's price and its age for all possible ages.
- 11. Let g(a) be a down payment (in dollars) of 10% of the resale price for your choice of car that is a years old. Find an equation for g.
- 12. Find g(5). What does the result mean in this situation?
- 13. Compare the slope of the graph of g to the slope of the graph of f. Explain why your comparison makes sense in terms of your choice of car.