What's in a name? that which we call a rose
By any other name would smell as sweet

-Shakespeare

organicus, organikos
• “serving as an instrument”
• Organized living being (1778)
• Organic chemistry (1831)
• Food (1942)

USDA
• Plants grown without synthetic fertilizers or pesticides
• Animals not cages/penned, fed 100% organic feed and forage
• Processed foods made with 100% organic ingredients, no artificial colors, preservatives

An organic compound always contains carbon. A few exceptions are carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, carbonates, cyanides, cyanates, carbides, and thiocyanates, which are considered inorganic.

So what are the other exceptions??????

http://www.biology-online.org/dictionary/Organic_compound

An organic compound always contains carbon. A few exceptions are carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, carbonates, cyanides, cyanates, carbides, and thiocyanates, which are considered inorganic.

CO₂
CO₃²⁻
CNO⁻
CaC₂
SCN⁻

What do these exceptions have in common?
Compounds that are considered organic must contain carbon bound to hydrogen

http://antoine.frostburg.edu/chem/senese/101/inorganic/faq/what-is-inorganic-carbon.shtml

Organic compounds contain both carbon and hydrogen


The lack of credentialed sources hasn't done wonders for Wikipedia's overall reputation—in the world of academia, the site's all but quarantined.


References

- No dictionaries
- No encyclopedias
- No wikis

Styrofoam
Malathion (pesticide)
Fructose
Vita (ascorbic acid)